

# From Project to Product

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Project Lifecycle Management for Superheroes

Todd Howard

# WITHIN THE NEXT HOUR...

“...Ultimately Digital consultant and author Todd Howard, will show you how to become a software project superhero\* by learning how to recognize and exploit synergies that exist between project and product management, helping your organization to consistently minimize risk while realizing the promised benefits.”

\* No Pressure !?!



# PURPOSE / PROMISE

1. Explore why IT projects fail to deliver on what was promised, and often implement “solutions” that don't fully meet the original vision
2. Discuss evolving approaches to achieving maximum benefit from IT projects through the integration of project and product management
3. Provide practical approaches that will allow you to more consistently achieve promised benefits – ideally, to meet or exceed implementation and sustainment goals, objectives, success measures

# AGENDA

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- Introduction (5 mins)
- Foundational Concepts (5 mins)
- It's All About Success (10 mins)
- A Proposed Approach (10 mins)
- Putting It Into Practice (20 mins)
- Questions & Answers (10 mins)

# FOUNDATIONAL CONCEPTS (5 mins)

- Project Management (PM) Refresher
- Project Management Terminology
- A Project Is A Promise



# Project Management Refresher\*

- Projects are undertaken to meet objectives – often to achieve a lasting outcome
- Projects create unique or one-time: products; services; improvements; results; outcomes; outputs
- Projects have a beginning and end – they are temporary endeavours / organizations
- The end can be reached when:
  - the Project's objectives have been achieved;
  - the Project is terminated because its objectives will not or cannot be met;
  - the need for the Project no longer exists –its objectives are now irrelevant
- Sustaining outcomes is the responsibility of operations management which deals with ongoing production of goods and provision of services

\* Paraphrased from: A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, © 2013, Project Management Institute

# Project Management Terminology

## Project Management Process Groups (PMI) – the PM Lifecycle

Initiating

Planning

Executing

Monitoring & Controlling

Closing

### Portfolio:

- projects and programs managed as a group
- **“choose right things at right time”**

### Program:

- related projects managed as a group
- **“ensures the right things get done”**

### Project:

- **“do things well”**

# A Project Is A Promise

- Projects are undertaken to deliver benefits
- When a project is approved a PROMISE is made
- Therefore, projects should be managed to ensure they deliver the enablers necessary to achieve the promised benefits...
- ...AND project outcomes should be sustained so as to deliver the promised benefits
- Are we doing a good job at this today?

# IT'S ALL ABOUT SUCCESS (10 mins)

- Some **APPALLING** Statistics...
- I Have Questions...
- A Practitioner's Observations
- Root Causes of Low Success Rates
- So... What Does Success Look Like?



# A Distinct Lack Of Success

- McKinsey-Oxford 2012 study of 5400 IT projects:
  - Large IT projects deliver 56% less benefits than promised
  - Biggest cause? Unclear objectives / lack of focus on business value
  - 17% of IT projects so bad they threaten organization's existence
- PMI studies ≈ 2500 respondents (year... after year...):
  - Organizations whose projects always deliver 95% of benefits = 9%
  - Projects that were deemed failure = 15 to 16%
  - Projects that completed within original budget = 53 to 55%
  - Projects that completed on time = 49 to 51%
  - Project that experienced scope creep = 44 to 45%

# A Distinct Lack Of Success

- For every US \$1 billion spent on projects... \$122 million is wasted<sup>1</sup>
- When we have a total failure it's because what we deliver isn't what the business wants – it's not fit for use
- Common headline material in the US and Canada:
  - Hundreds of millions being written off because success is no longer achievable; or,
  - Going over budget by hundreds of millions to get back on track to where things should have been in the first place
- And that's just what makes its way into the public light

<sup>1</sup> Source: PMI Pulse of the Profession In-Depth Report - The Strategic Impact of Projects - Identify benefits to drive business results & Delivering Value – Focus on benefits during project execution, © 2016, Project Management Institute

# Some Questions (And A Deltoid Workout)

1. Please put up your hands if... your organization formally approves initiation of all projects
2. Hands stay up if... you use a formal document (e.g. a Business Case)
3. Hands stay up if... your Business Case sets out a list of the benefits the project promises to deliver
4. Hands stay up if... the benefits set out in your Business Case are explicitly linked to documented strategic goals, and where appropriate, a financial cost-benefit analysis is included
5. Hands stay up if... on a defined frequency in the years following project delivery, you faithfully measure the actual benefits that were realized and compare these to what was promised in the Business Case
6. Hands stay up if... you measure your actual costs of ownership during the out-years and compare these to what was promised in the Business Case

# PM Refresher-Refresher\*

- Projects are undertaken to meet objectives – often to achieve a lasting outcome
- Projects create unique or one-time: products; services; improvements; results; outcomes; outputs
- Projects are temporary
- The project manager is responsible for the project's success
  - the project is terminated because its objectives will not or cannot be met;
  - the need for the Project no longer exists –its objectives are now irrelevant
- Sustaining outcomes is the responsibility of operations management which deals with ongoing production of goods and provision of services

THIS DIVIDE IS A FUNDAMENTAL CONTRIBUTOR  
TO WHY PRODUCTS DON'T LIVE UP TO  
THE PROMISES OF THE PROJECT

\* Paraphrased from: A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, © 2013, Project Management Institute

# A Practitioner's Observations

1. Most benefit comes from operating the deliverables of the project
2. Project Management is ascendant over Product Management
3. We don't give our project and product teams adequate insight into a shared vision of the long term business benefits to be achieved through the products of their projects
4. Insufficient clarity on who is responsible for owning and managing delivery of benefits

# Root Causes Of Low Success Rates

1. Not using formal approach to benefits management
  - Only 50% of organizations frequently identify measurable promised benefits that will achieve strategic goals
  - 86% of those who do identify benefits during justification say they later found that the benefits had been over-promised
  - 83% of organizations lack maturity with the full lifecycle of benefits realization management (hasn't increased in last 4 years)
2. Emphasize “on time, on budget, in scope” over “on purpose”
  - Less than 50% of organizations have project managers ensure project benefits stay aligned with strategic goals
3. Fail to consciously and diligently prepare for sustainment of the product of the project

\* Source: PMI Pulse of the Profession In-Depth Report - The Strategic Impact of Projects - Identify benefits to drive business results & Delivering Value – Focus on benefits during project execution, © 2016, Project Management Institute

# So... What Does Success Look Like?

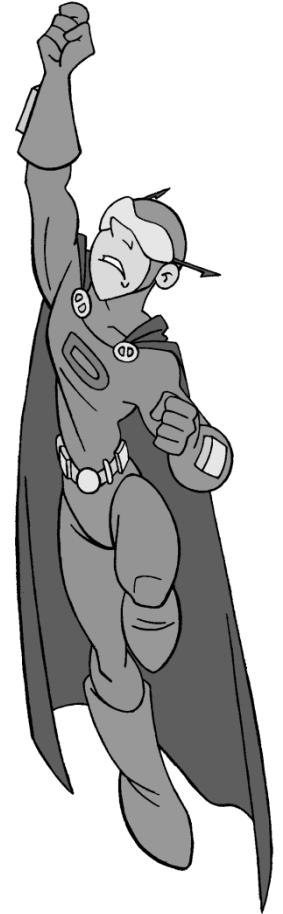
1. Maturity in management of portfolios, programs, projects, and products<sup>1</sup>
  - Those with mature PPM practices only fail to meet goal and intent 11% of the time
  - Where PPM practices are immature fail to meet goal and intent 66% of the time and waste 13 times more money
2. Managing project benefits is understood and accepted as underpinning all aspects of strategic success – it is woven into your lifecycles
  - Benefits are treated as the primary shared interest between PM's and Execs
3. Organizations identifying promised benefits during project justification<sup>2</sup>...
  - 54% more met the goal and intent
  - 51% more were within their project budget and 50% more were delivered on time
4. Mature benefits management practices = 67% less **wasted** \$ on projects = \$112 thousand saved per \$1 million spent<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Source: [PMI Pulse of the Profession In-Depth Report - The High Cost of Low Performance](#), © 2016

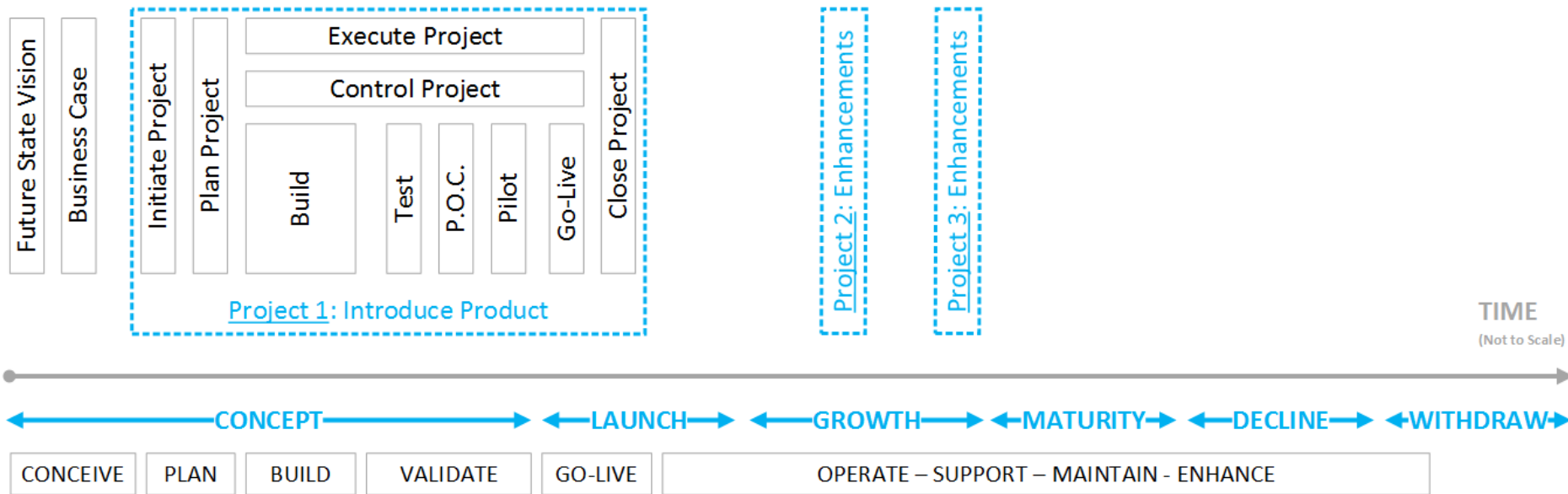
<sup>2</sup>Source: [PMI Pulse of the Profession In-Depth Report - The Strategic Impact of Projects - Identify benefits to drive business results](#), © 2016

# A PROPOSED APPROACH (10 mins)

- Project & Product Lifecycles
- An Integrated Benefits Management Lifecycle



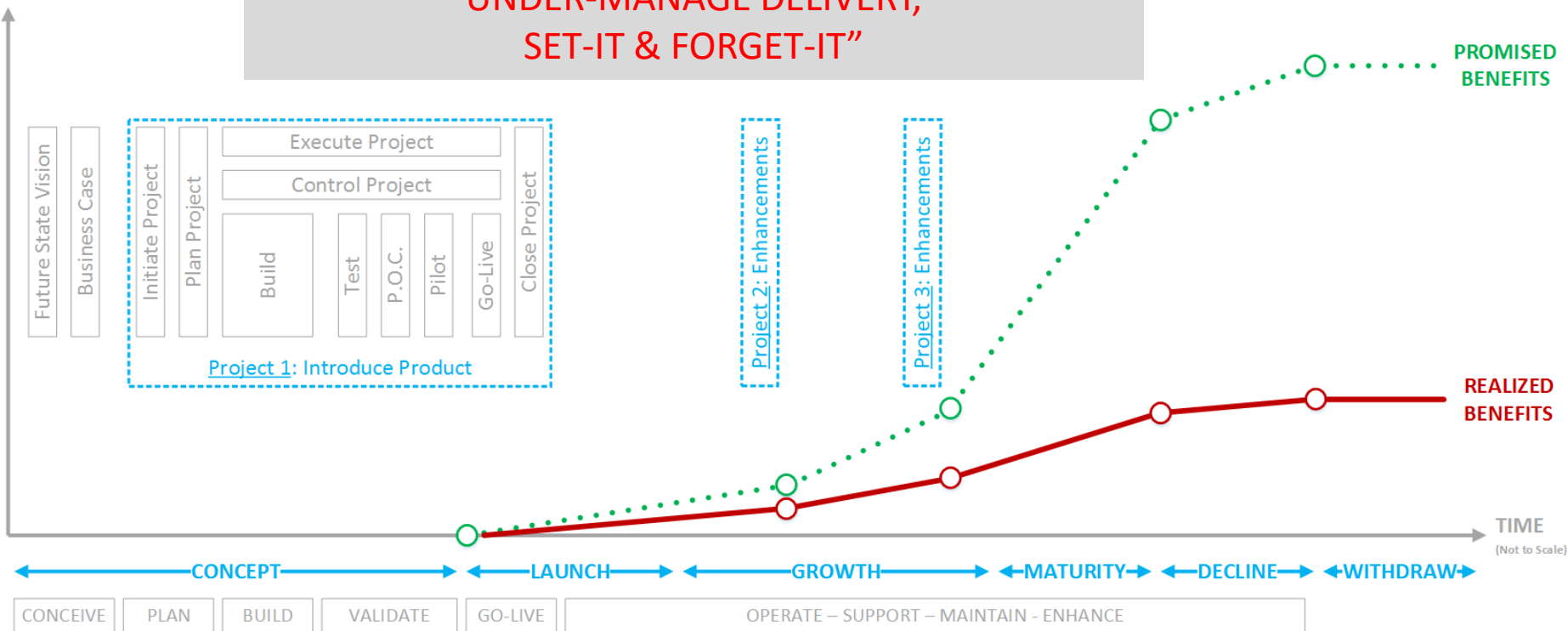
# Project & Product Lifecycle Overlay



# Benefits: Promises vs. Reality

NOTIONAL  
CUMULATIVE  
"BENEFITS"  
(Not to Scale)

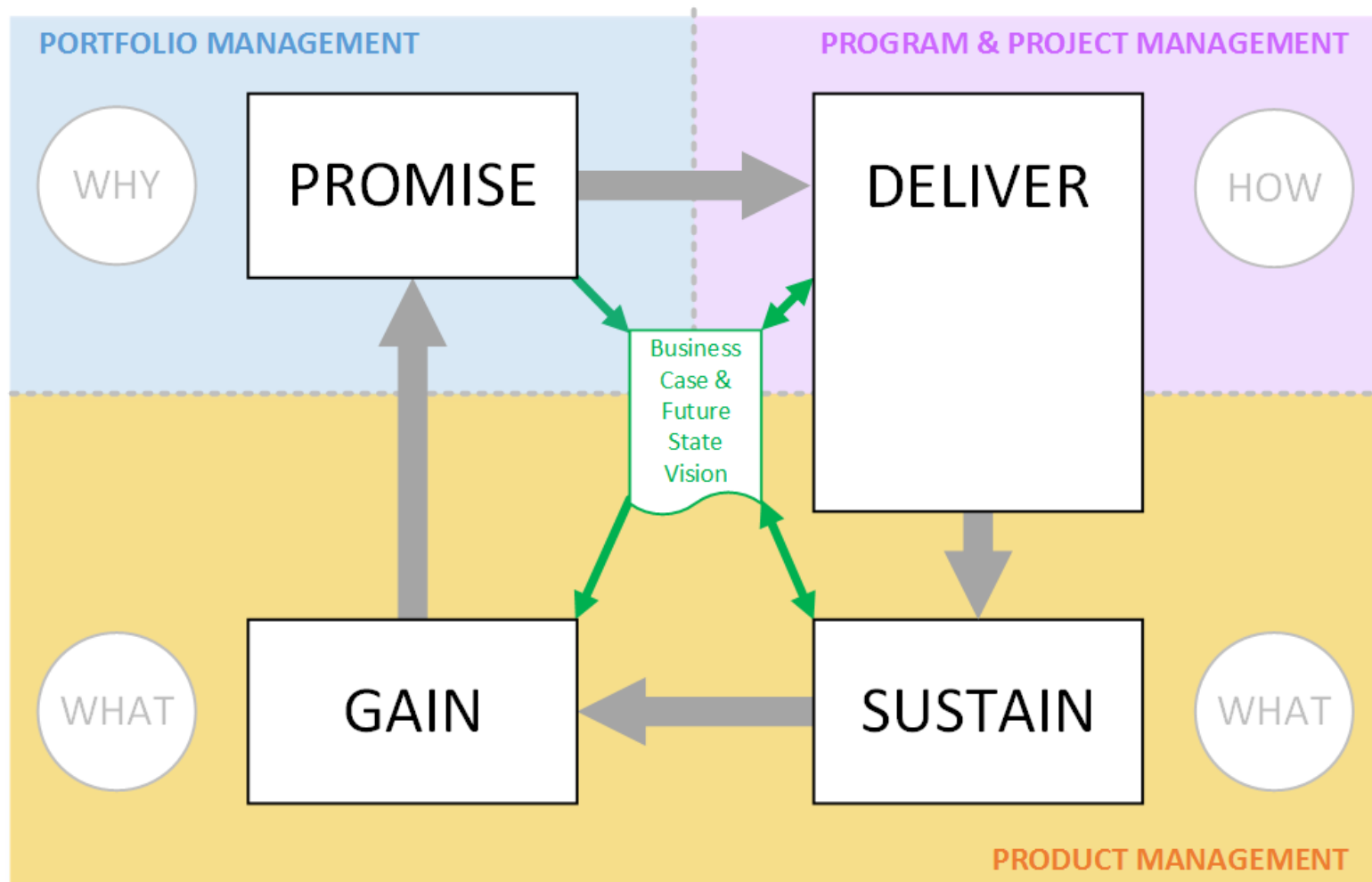
LET'S CALL THIS SCENARIO...  
"OVER-PROMISE BENEFITS,  
UNDER-MANAGE DELIVERY,  
SET-IT & FORGET-IT"



# Integrated Benefits Management Lifecycle

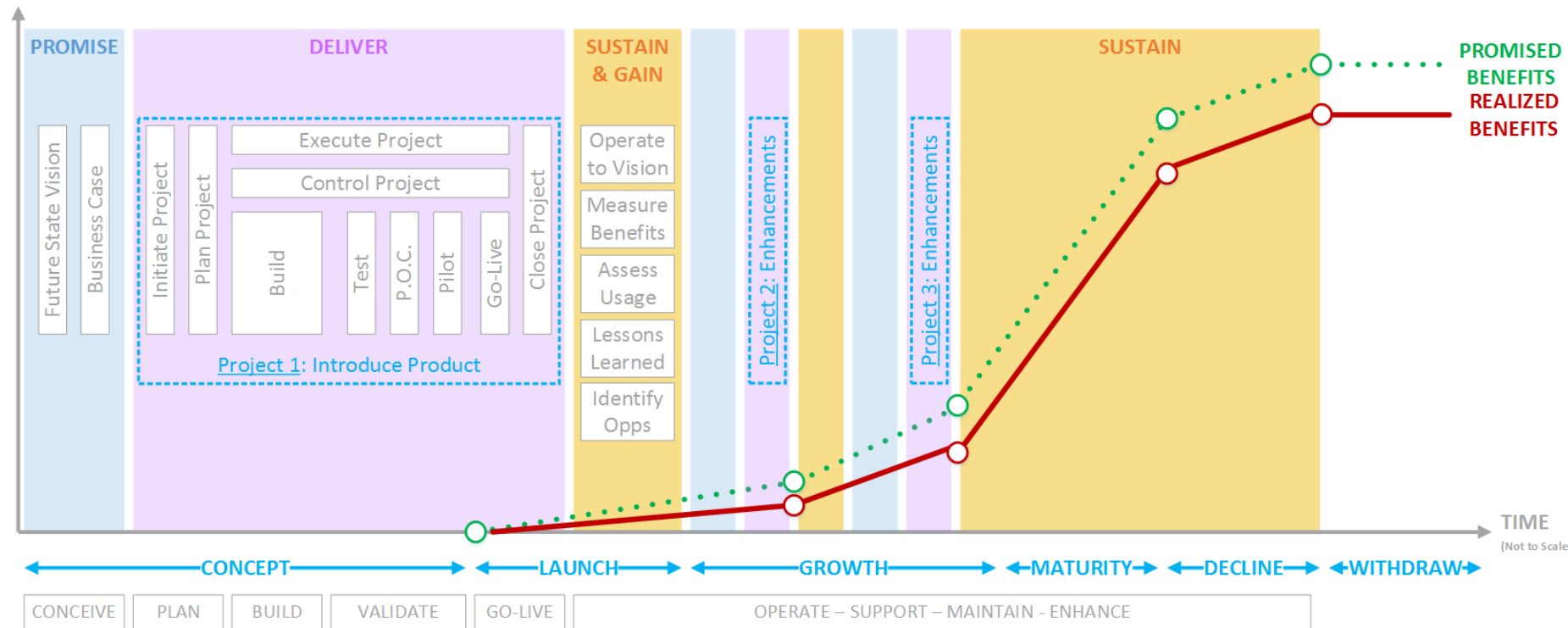
Integrated Benefits Management	Key Activities
<u>Promise</u> Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Identify candidate projects</li><li>• Set out <u>WHY</u> they should be undertaken</li><li>• Articulate a clear Future State Vision</li><li>• Prioritize and approve our investments</li></ul>
<u>Deliver</u> Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manage <u>HOW</u> you deliver – “the project” – Initiating / Planning / Executing / Monitoring &amp; Controlling / Closing</li><li>• Manage <u>WHAT</u> you deliver – “the product”</li></ul>
<u>Sustain</u> Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Operate <u>WHAT</u> the project delivered in a manner that will maximize ongoing realization of the promised benefits</li></ul>
Identify Opportunities for <u>Gain</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Analyze and identify <u>WHAT</u> opportunities exist to make “gains”</li></ul>

# Integrated Benefits Management



# Benefits Management Lifecycle

NOTIONAL  
CUMULATIVE  
"BENEFITS"  
(Not to Scale)



# PUTTING IT INTO PRACTICE (20 mins)

- Making Better PROMISES
- Ensuring Focused DELIVERY
- Maximizing SUSTAINED Benefits
- Identifying Opportunities For Further GAINS
- Making The Transition
- Summary



# Putting It Into Practice - PROMISE

## KEY ACTIVITIES:



Submit: Identify candidate projects by articulating a Future State Vision, and unambiguously identifying realistic promised benefits and delivery success measures in a Business Case



Assess Alignment: Ensure promised benefits are strongly aligned with organization's strategic plan



Cherry Pick: Approve and sequence projects to deliver maximum strategic value earliest

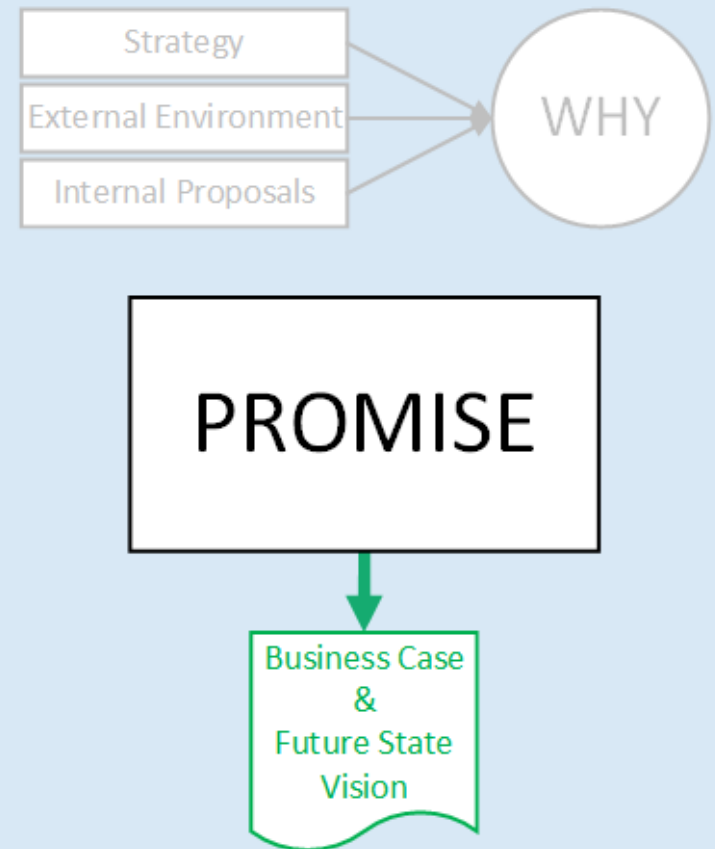


Manage Your Pipeline: Prioritize your projects. Be realistic in determining if now is the right time to approve a proposal (e.g. do you have skilled resources with sufficient availability & capability?)



Approve / Defer / Reject: Business Case must be formally approved based on standardized criteria prior to initiating a project. Can the project produce the benefit? Approved Business Case is baselined

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT



# Putting It Into Practice - PROMISE

## GOVERNANCE & TEAM:



Fund Business Case Creation: Believable Business Case for a sizable project, requires investment of time & effort to analyze / explore / refine



Cross-functional Team: Ensure broad collaborative participation in rigorous benefit identification – crucial to ensuring buy-in on realistic promises



Business Case Review: Are promises unambiguous and measurable? Are estimates rigorous? Etc.



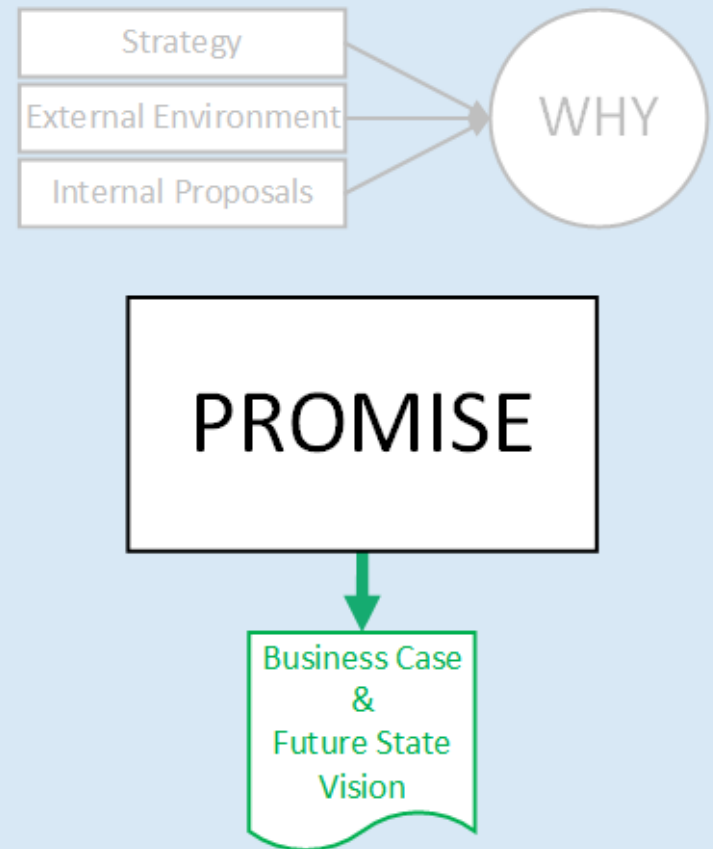
Benefit Owner: Assign an owner to each promised benefit – they also sign off on Business Case



### Key Roles:

- Executive Managers (Business & IT)
- Business Knowledge / Subject Matter Experts
- Business & Project Analysts
- Strategic Planner
- Key Internal & External Stakeholders

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT



# Putting It Into Practice - PROMISE

## TOOLING & DOCUMENTS:



Single Source: One source of approved Goals / Objectives / Delivery Success Measures / Benefits for the project – easily accessible by stakeholders



Traceability: Provide a simple mechanism to relate project and product activities & deliverables to the PROMISE – this implies a benefits traceability matrix



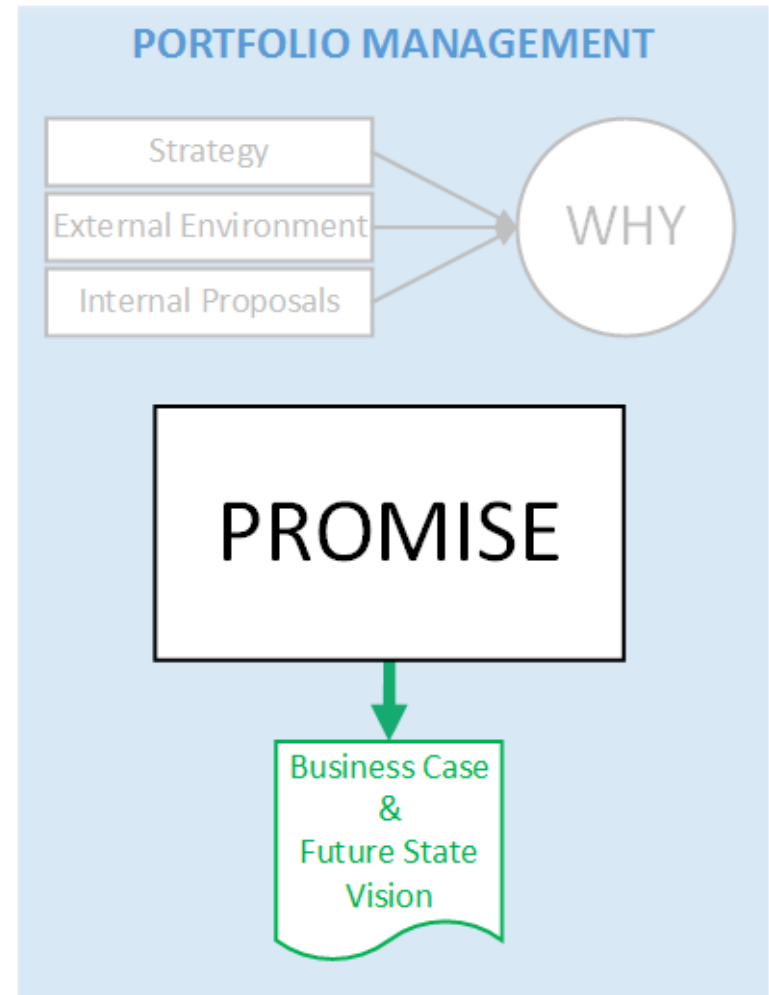
Acceptance Criteria: Document acceptance criteria that validate if the PROMISE is met



Cost Estimation: Use formal estimating methods – document at line-item-level details and assumptions (facilitates both validating assumptions during an approved project, and lessons learned to improve Business Case creation)



Portfolio Management Tools: Necessary to provide enterprise view of resource availability, project task dependencies (e.g. integrated schedule of key milestones – start and finish dates) and risk. May offer automation of project request, prioritization, and approval.



# Putting It Into Practice - DELIVER

## KEY ACTIVITIES:



Pillars of Purpose: All team members must read, understand, and take to heart that they must deliver on the PROMISE

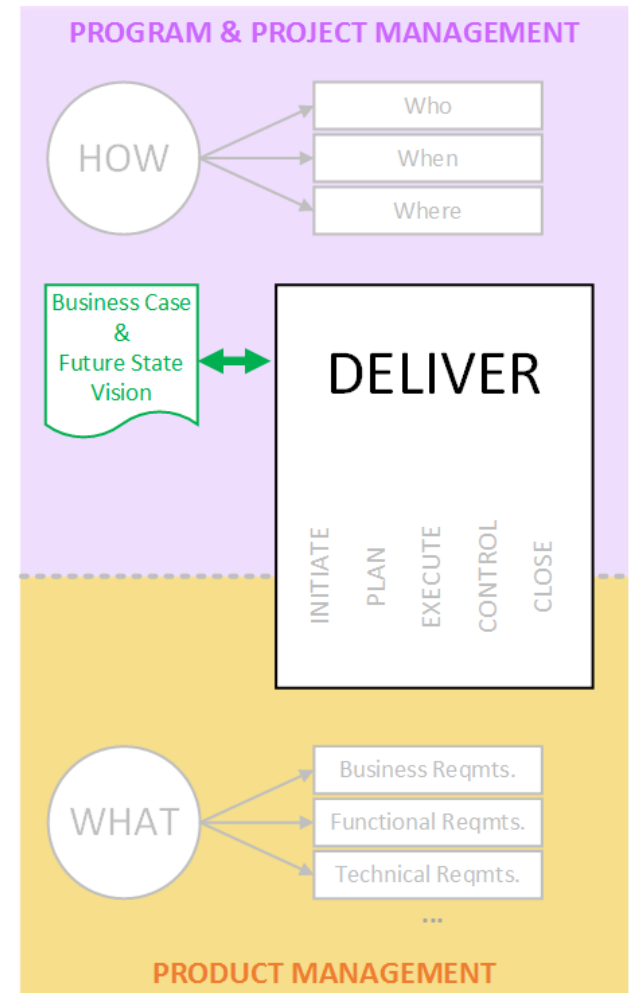


Checkpoint Reviews: A true focus on the PROMISE requires reviews at key milestones to ensure benefits are on track. Treat these reviews as early go-no-go gates. Examples:

- Fit/Gap Analysis
- Detailed Design & Prototype Walkthroughs
- Testing
- Training
- Proof-of-Concept & Pilot (key on innovative projects)



Update Business Case: Update approved baseline with any changes. As you learn more, refine estimates, validate assumptions, and then refine benefits that can realistically be delivered – LIVING DOCUMENT



# Putting It Into Practice - DELIVER

## GOVERNANCE & TEAM:



Integrate Project & Product Lifecycles: PM practices and people govern HOW the project is delivered. Product management practices and people carefully integrated within each project govern WHAT the project delivers.



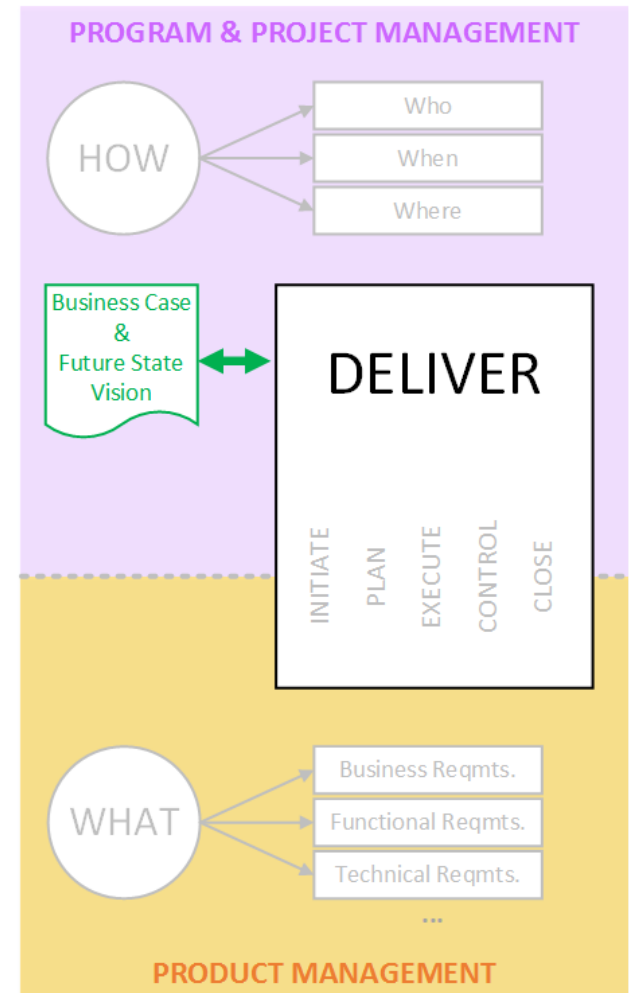
Measure / Monitor / Report: Add progress against benefits to status reports and standing agendas: Steering Committee; Project Status meetings; etc.



Manage Strategy Changes: Trace changes in strategy statements to in-flight projects to determine whether a project should be continued, changed, or terminated



Manage Project Changes: Determine how project changes affect ability to deliver on the PROMISE. If not on track, determine if, and how, you can get back on track.



# Putting It Into Practice - DELIVER

## GOVERNANCE & TEAM:



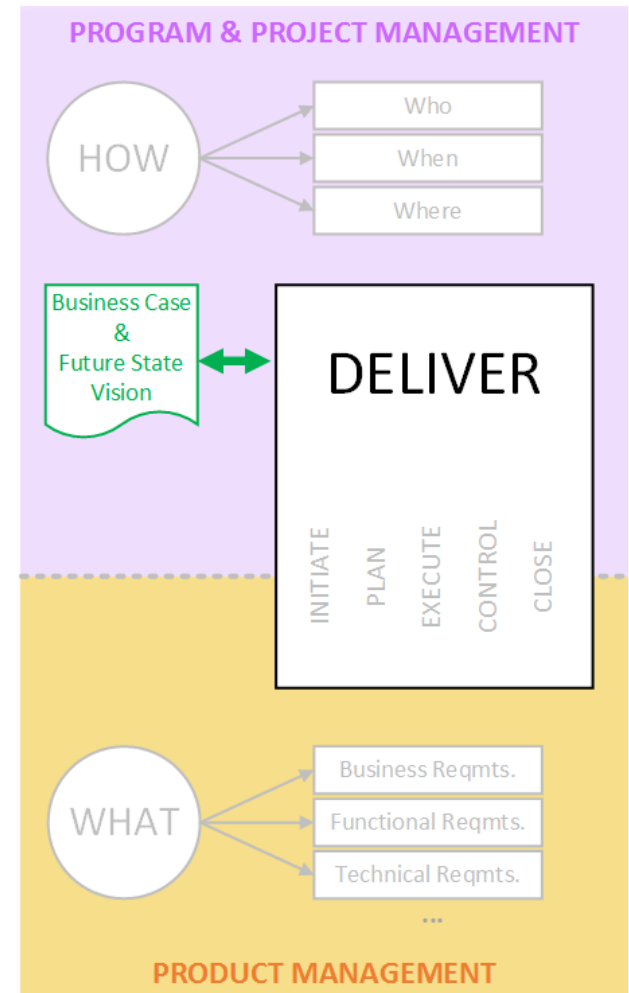
Benefits Management Board: Monitor whether in-flight initiatives will achieve their PROMISE based on progress-to-date and on adapting to changes (e.g. changes in strategy / needs / external environment)

BMB either connects with other governance bodies, or takes on responsibilities from: Steering Committees; Change Control Board; Design Authority. Composed of Execs, Benefit Owners, project & product management staff



### Key Roles:

- Project / Program / Portfolio Managers
- Business Analysts & Business Subject Matter Experts
- Benefit Owners (e.g. Senior Mgmt / Executive Sponsor)
- Key Internal & External Stakeholders
- Information Technology Lead



# Putting It Into Practice - DELIVER

## TOOLING & DOCUMENTS:



Benefits Management Plan: Used to effectively and efficiently measure, monitor and report on progress towards benefits



Business Case Key Input To...: Project Charter; Benefits Management Plan; Project Scope Statement; Organizational Change Management Plan; etc.



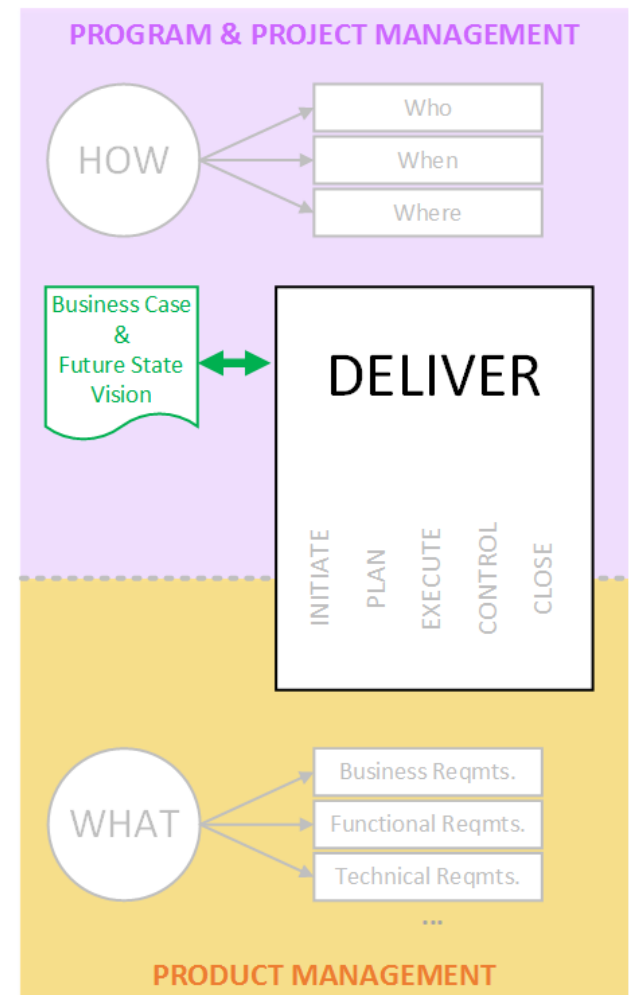
Project Health Report: Show all promised benefits for the project, and the relative progress towards, and risk to, delivering the outcomes / outputs to enable realizing those benefits



Requirements Management Tools: To support effective and efficient long term product management. In particular, to maintain accurate point-in-time detail of how the product functions



Project Management Tools: Basic table stakes tooling to support creating and maintaining: project schedule; risk log; issues log; change log



# Putting It Into Practice - SUSTAIN

## KEY ACTIVITIES:



Sustain To The Promise: Operate the project outcomes in a way that maximizes ongoing realization of promised benefits



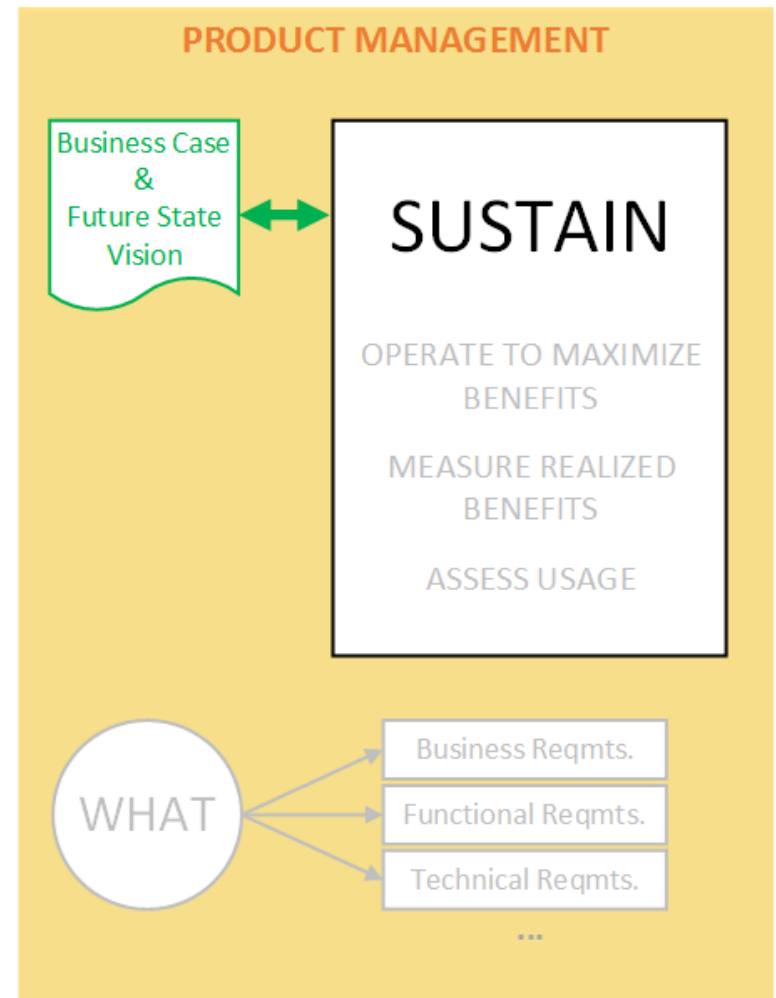
Measure Benefits: On a defined frequency throughout the life of product, measure realized benefits and actual costs.



Assess Usage: What is the adoption rate? How well have you met adoption targets? Who is using it? Are they using it as intended?



Maintain Product Documentation: Any time you enhance your products assess whether you need to update product documentation (key considerations – does it alter benefits? – does it alter how testing or training would be conducted)?



# Putting It Into Practice - SUSTAIN

## GOVERNANCE & TEAM:



Sustainment Culture: Business & IT Operations participated in the PROMISE and DELIVER stages – now they must embrace a culture of sustaining the outputs and the outcomes in a way that maximizes ongoing realization of promised benefits

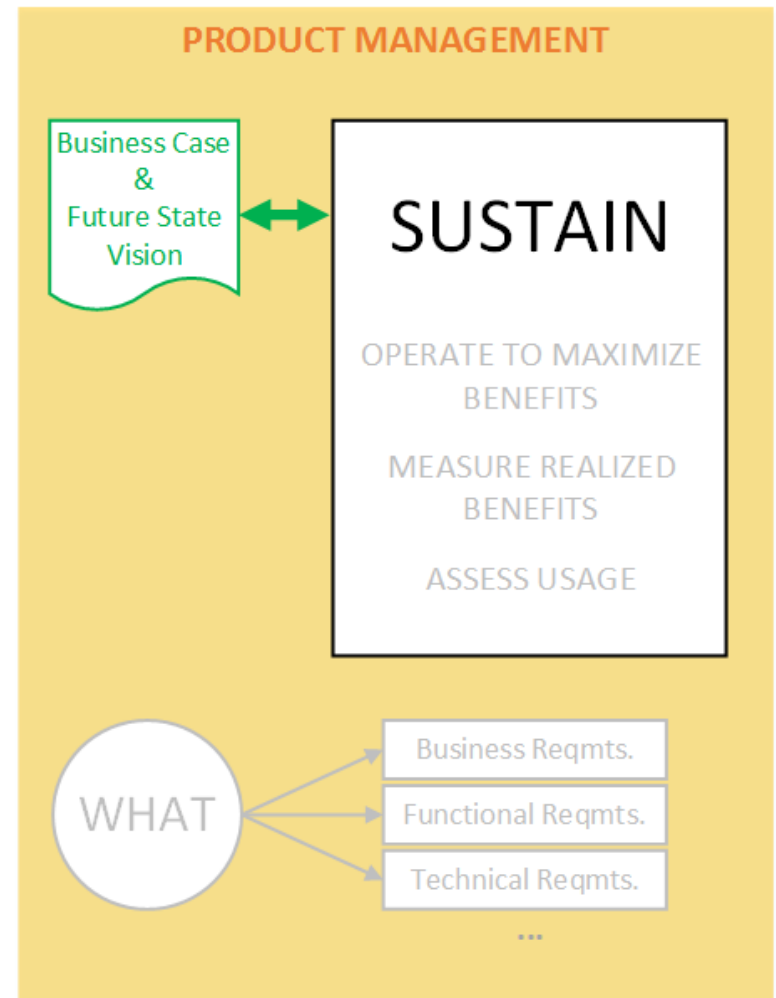


Liaise With BMB: Those who SUSTAIN must work with the Benefits Management Board to review the reported benefits and make decisions on how best to deliver on the PROMISE going forward



### Key Roles:

- **Benefit Owners!!!**
- Business Operations Leads
- Business Systems Manager / IT Leads



# Putting It Into Practice - SUSTAIN

## TOOLING & DOCUMENTS:



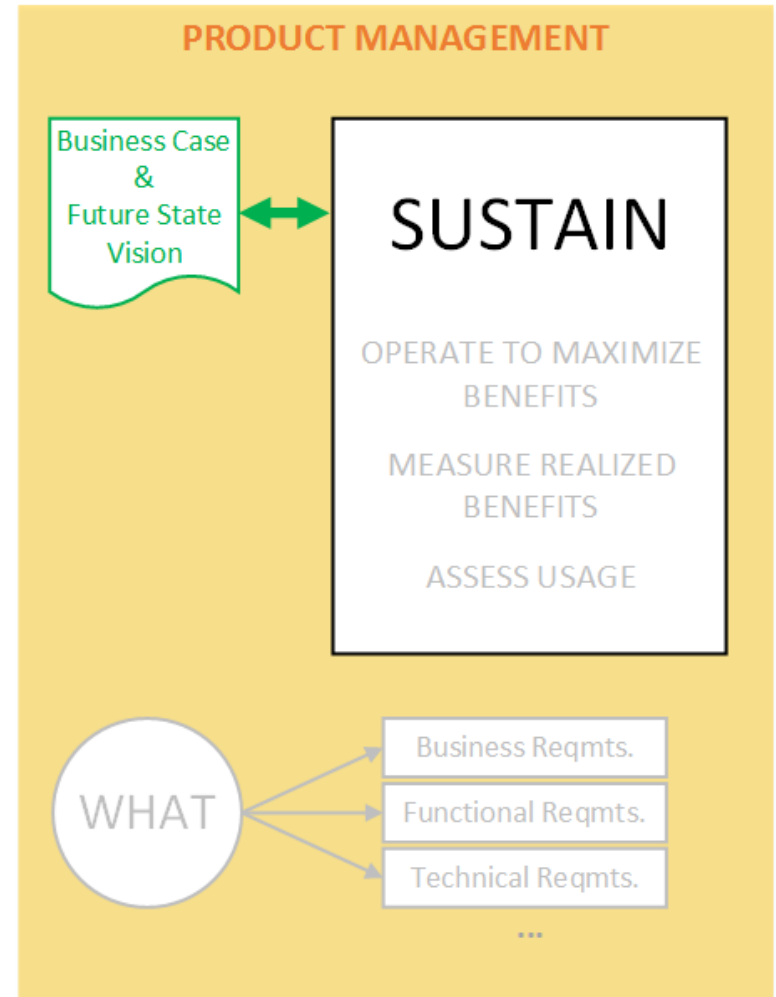
Benefits Realization Scorecard: Standardized documentation for reporting realized benefits. Report back to the BMB.



Cost Reporting: Standardized documentation for reporting on the degree to which estimated costs were accurate. Report back to the BMB.



Usage Reporting: Standardized reporting on adoption rates by segment (e.g. user group, business function, geographical region, channel, etc.)



# Putting It Into Practice - GAIN

## KEY ACTIVITIES:



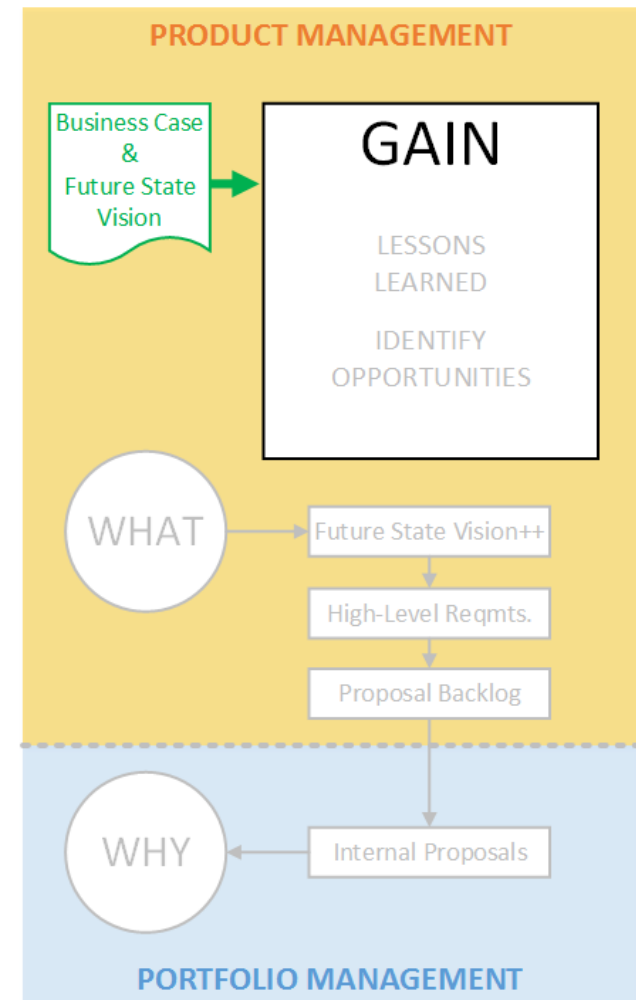
Lessons Learned: Looking for opportunities to continuously improve benefits management processes. Determine causes for variance between promised and realized benefits:

- PROMISE: business case quality; estimation methodology; prioritization and approval procedures
- DELIVER: review phase / project closure reports re. governance effectiveness; change control; SDLC
- SUSTAIN: audit operations to see if we are missing opportunity to maximize realized benefits



Identify Opportunities: Assess current state (quantitative & qualitative) > revise Future State Vision > assess gaps > draft High-Level Requirements & Business Case. Informed by:

- How the product is being used (pluses and pain points)
- Deferred project scope
- Trends and external environment (opportunity & risk)



# Putting It Into Practice - GAIN

## GOVERNANCE & TEAM:



Staff & Fund Innovation: Put your money where your mouth is. Need to invest staff, time and money into exploring and shaping opportunities (e.g. feasibility study).



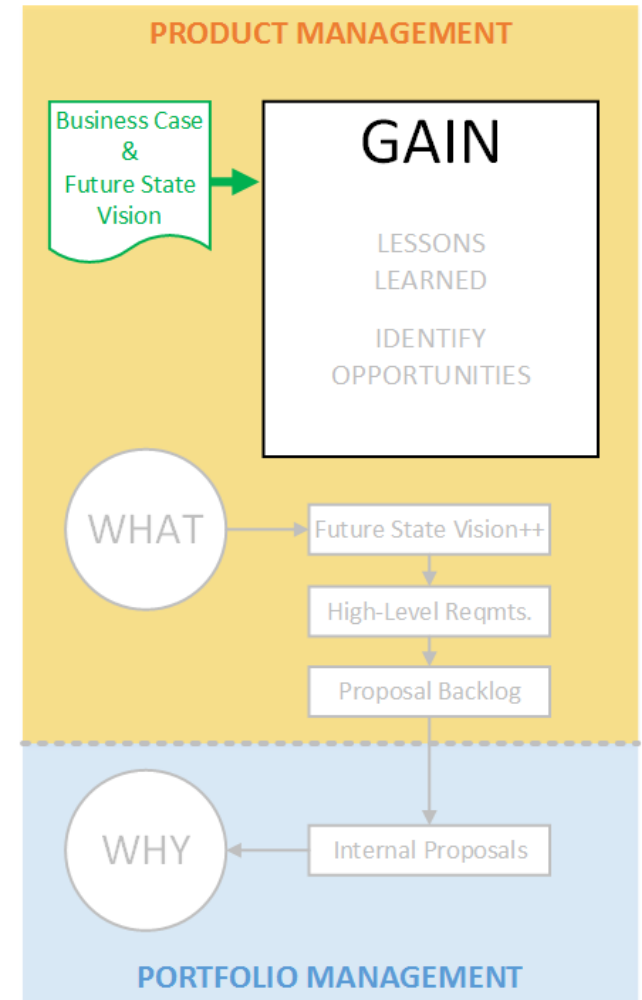
Innovation Forums: Provide your innovators with forums in which to solicit input and to promote innovative opportunities. May include:

- Benefits Management Board (e.g. report back)
- User Groups (e.g. solicit ideas and provide a sounding board)
- PPMO (e.g. process improvements)



### Key Roles:

- Innovators & Experimenters
- Business Analysts
- Experts (human computer interaction specialists, industrial engineers for time & motion)



# Putting It Into Practice - GAIN

## TOOLING & DOCUMENTS:



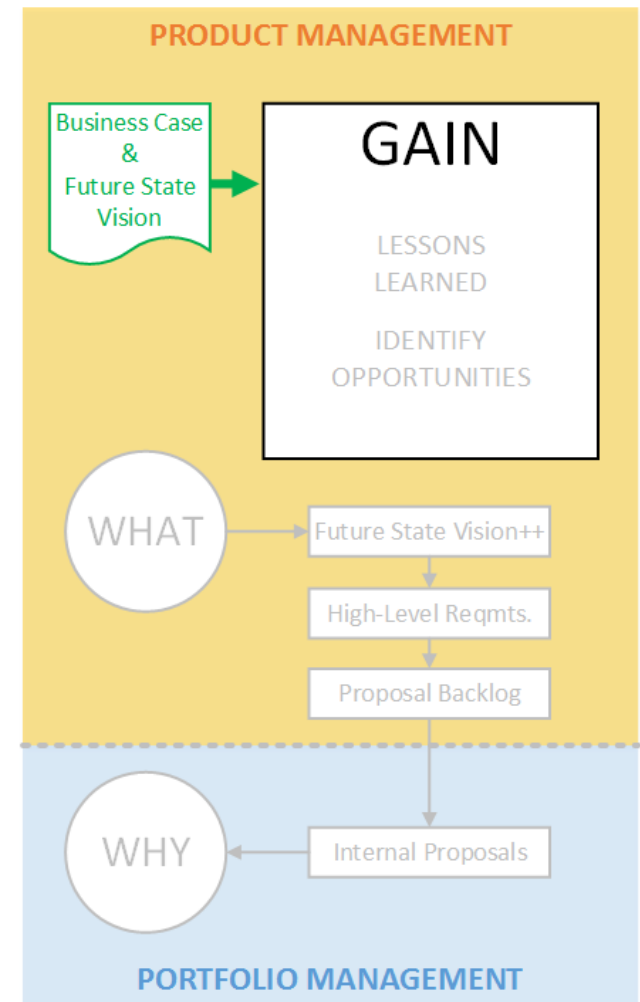
Future State Vision: Updated to reflect identified opportunities for gain that have met with agreement



High-Level Requirements: Use your requirements management tool to capture requirements to close gaps between current and future state



Draft Business Case: Populate your Proposal backlog with draft Business Cases. As the portfolio of projects adapts, you will decide whether to invest in fully fleshing out a Business Case



# Making The Transition

## Near-Term



Research / socialize  
benefits management



Find root causes of  
your success issues



Design new benefit  
management process  
and governance



Quick Wins!



## Long-Term



Implement  
appropriate tools



Implement new  
benefit process &  
governance



Start hitting the  
benefits bulls-eye

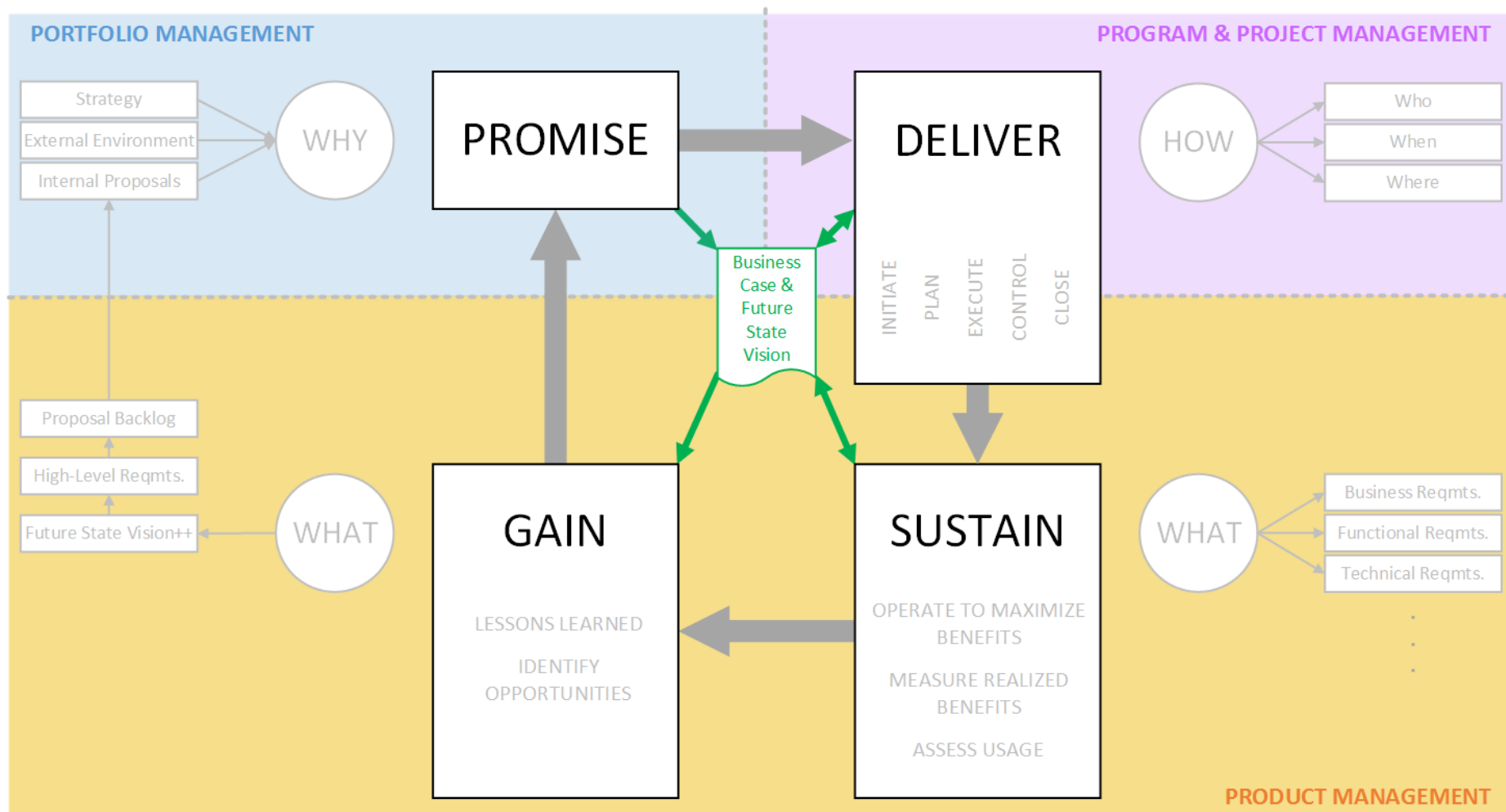
# Benefits Management Suggestions

Key Activities	Governance & Team	Tooling & Documents
<p>Targeted to eliminate your root causes of failure and to mitigate risks</p> <p>Checkpoints to ensure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The <u>PROMISE</u> is realistic, unambiguous &amp; approved</li><li>• <u>DELIVERY</u> of the <u>PROMISE</u></li><li>• Outcomes are <u>SUSTAINED</u> to maximize benefits</li><li>• You continually learn and suggest further <u>GAINS</u></li></ul> <p>Integrate and streamline the new benefits processes</p>	<p>Should be cross-functional</p> <p>Integrate management of project, product, benefits and change control</p> <p>Staff key roles with skilled portfolio, program, project and product managers</p> <p>Regularly monitor, measure &amp; report on key indicators to determine if on track to meet the PROMISE – be willing to correct/terminate</p>	<p>Look for opportunities to automate using appropriate tools (e.g. traceability)</p> <p>Simplify and standardize your document templates (e.g. they should be “enablers” not “disablers”)</p> <p>Eliminate duplication of content across documents</p>

# Benefits Management Suggestions

Project Management	Product Management
<p>Focuses on HOW you deliver:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Project Management Lifecycle</li></ul>	<p>Focuses on WHAT you deliver:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Systems Development Lifecycle</li></ul>
<p>Standardized documentation that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Supports managing delivery risks</li><li>• Effectively and efficiently supports client acceptance</li><li>• Will be progressively elaborated as a project unfolds</li></ul> <p><u>Examples:</u> Business Case; Project Charter; Project Management Plan; Risks; Issues; Actions; Schedules; Status Reports; etc.</p>	<p>Standardized documentation that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• At any point-in-time details a current and accurate view of how the product functions</li><li>• Is created during the project that first introduces the product</li><li>• Is maintained per ongoing enhancements, as well as in parallel with new project delivery</li><li>• Provides traceability to Business Case</li></ul> <p><u>Examples:</u> Business Requirements; Functional Requirements; Technical Requirements; System Design Specification; Test Artefacts; etc.</p>

# In Summary



# QUESTIONS & ANSWERS (10 mins)

- Any questions today?
- ...questions tomorrow  
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- Also, keep your eyes open for my new book on Amazon!

